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## Overview



## **Management Team**

**Leadership You Can Trust** 



#### **Seasoned Management Team**



Ibrahim Al-Nadhairi
Chief Executive Officer

23+ Years of Experience 18+ Years at Asyad Shipping

#### **Prior Experience & Qualifications**

- Previously COO at Oman Shipping Company (now Asyad Shipping)
- PhD in Shipping and Logistics Strategies,
   MBA, executive education from INSEAD and MIT



Imad Al-Khaduri
Chief Commercial Officer

23+ Years of Experience 14+ Years at Asyad Shipping

#### **Prior Experience & Qualifications**

- Oman LNG
- Completed The National CEO Programme in collaboration with IMD
- MBA from Strathclyde University and B.S in Decision Science from George Mason University



Franck Kayser
Chief Operating Officer

40+ Years of Experience 2+ Years at Asyad Shipping

#### **Prior Experience & Qualifications**

- Began career in 1982 as a cadet with A. P.
   Moller Maersk A/S and served as a Captain before transitioning to shore –based roles
- Master's degree from Copenhagen Nautical Academy and has pursued further education at INSEAD, IMO, and Duke University



Ahmed Al-Shukaili
SVP Finance

22+ Years of Experience 17+ Years at Asyad Shipping

#### **Prior Experience & Qualifications**

- ASAAS
- MBA from Strathclyde University
- Completed several leadership and financial programs from renowned institutions
- Pursued further education from IMD, LBS & CCL

Highly Experienced Management Team

100+ Years
Total
Experience

/ears 26 Years
al Average
ence Experience

Years 10 Years
erage Average
erience Tenure

International Recognition



Safety & Security



Ship Manager of the Year

Supportive Shareholder Strong backing form a government backed parent providing market access and strategic know-how

Expert Management Team with Deep Understanding of the Local, Regional and International Market Dynamics as Well as Strong Relationships with Key Stakeholders

## **Asyad Shipping at a Glance**

Global Reach. Local Strength. Maritime Excellence.



Strong Foundation, Forward Momentum

**Focused Segments & Future-Ready Fleet** 



#### **Delivering Growth with Purpose**

Powered by Performance, Driven by Strategy

- Owned by Oman's Logistics Arm, Asyad Group, part of OIA
  - 2 Backed by government partner of choice for Omani companies and projects
  - One of the leading players in deep-sea transportation with full suite of operational capabilities including liner services, ship management and chartering activities
    - One of the largest globally diversified shipping fleets operating globally in 60+ countries
  - Fully-integrated operations serving longstanding relationships across highly diverse, local and international customer base



## **Company Overview**

**Powering Trade, Connecting Nations** 



#### **Key Points**

- Strategically positioned on key global trade lanes via Oman.
- Gateway to MENA and Indian subcontinent markets.
- Partnerships with Shell, BP, Sinokor to access Fastern markets.
- Vessel sharing with top GCC partners.
- VLCC and bulk pool structures in place.
- Chartering desks in Oman and Singapore.
- Growing Omani crew onboard.
- Steady progress on strategic projects.

#### 900+ 86 Port Calls Owned & **Operated Vessels**

#### **Asyad Shipping Global Reach**



One of the largest globally diversified shipping fleets serving 60+ countries and positioned to supply higher growth MENA and Asian markets

#### **Complete Suite of Shipping Solutions**

- Diversified fleet of modern vessels
- ✓ In-house commercial services (chartering & brokering)
- ✓ In-house technical services (operations & management)
- Diverse commercial deployment capabilities including Time Charter, Bareboat, Contracts of Affreightment ("CoA") and other partnerships

Globally

## **ESG & Governance**

**Our ESG Commitments** 





NET ZERO BY 2050



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Zero

Spill incidents recorded



CONTRIBUTION TO OMANI SOCIETY



PARTNERING WITH COMMUNITIES



ROBUST GOVERNANCE

13 202

ESG Commitment

2%

Carbon intensity indicator reduction year over year

Working towards net

zero in line with

Oman's pledge to

reach net zero by

2050 and the IMO

Decarbonize shipping, effective waste management, investment in biodiversity and alternative fuels

OMR 28 mm

In-Country Value

**Zero**Lost-Time Injury

Employees signed Code of Conduct

100%

Quantifiable impact on the national economy through job creation, upscaling Omani talent Focus on health and safety, sustainable procurements and a culture of belonging ESG strategy led by
Board-approved
committee; governed by
IMO and FSA
regulations, with a Code
of Conduct in place

**Business model is aligned with the UN Sustainable Development Goals** 

























# Financial Performance



Strategic Visibility, Sustainable Revenue

- Revenue grew modestly by 1% to RO 366.1 million.
- Portfolio strategically steered towards Time-Charter contracts over Spot Voyage contracts.
- **Crude** and **Product** segments remained the largest revenue contributors. These two segments together accounted for more **than half of total revenue**.



Crude Tankers •Chartered 2 Suezmax and 1 Aframax vessels at competitive rates, securing favorable positions in volatile markets

•Time chartered-out ships with margin to mitigate global market volatility, geopolitical tensions, and oil price fluctuations



Products Shipping

Remarkable performance driven by several key factors:

- Increase number of vessels chartered
- Successful market penetration in China, Southeast Asia, and other key international markets



Dry Bulk Shipping

- Singapore office operated around 25 ships, reinforcing operations and market presence
- Renewal of COA strengthened Asyad Shipping's market position, supporting growth and stability in the Dry Bulk segment



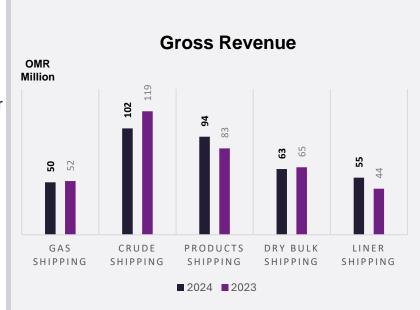
Gas Carriers

- Strong operational performance and three contract renewals
- Finalized Time-Charter Party with Oman LNG for two newbuild LNG vessels (8.5-year term starting from delivery)

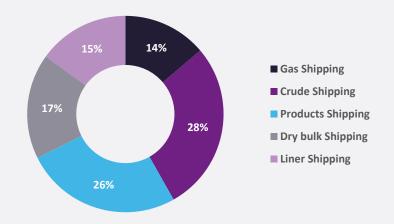


- •Improvement driven by strategic cargo shift and expansion into new markets
- •Stronger presence in China, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia, and Red Sea service restart boosted 2024 results.
- •Time-Charter out **two** container vessels at **competitive margins**





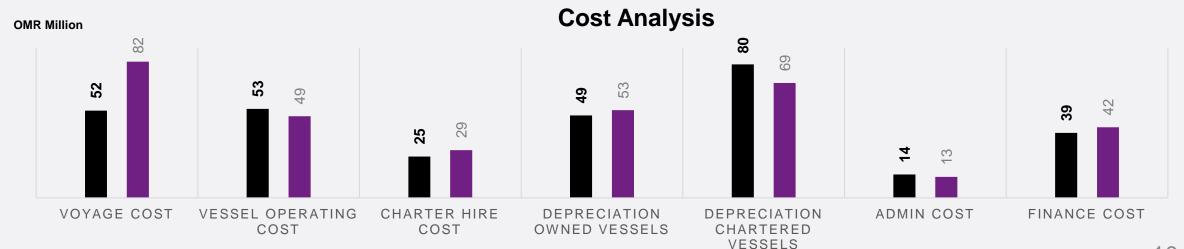
#### **Revenue Composition 2024**



Flexibility and Adaptability

- Increased Time Charter Contracts in 2024 reducing voyage costs
- Adaptability to market trends and industry cycles
- •Improved cost efficiency and strong returns in a volatile market

- •Fleet flexibility through chartered vessels and lease options
- Optimization of fleet size to match demand fluctuations
- •Strategic use of purchase and extension options to enhance operational control
- •Successfully **maintained** administration costs at a **peer-competitive level** during operational expansion



**Resilient Performance = Profitable Results** 



Net profit of OMR 52 million despite uncertainties and challenging market conditions



ASCO continued to maintain strong financial performance through its diversified portfolio of segments and contracts



Margin (2023:58%)

59% **Net EBITDA** 

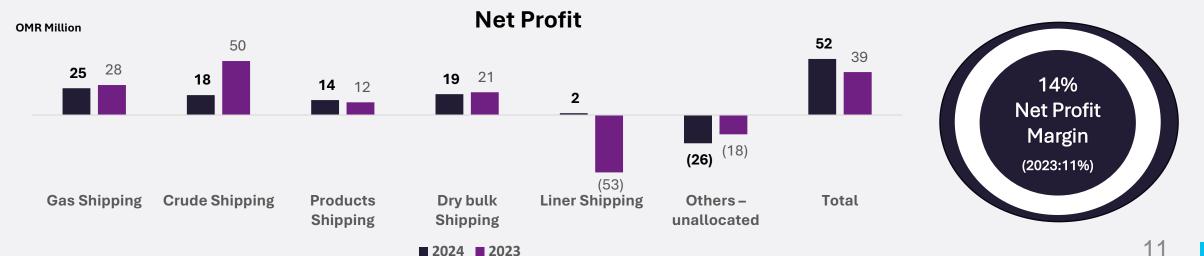
Achievements driven by strategic fleet management, contract renewals, and market diversification



Committed to sustainable growth, profitability and shareholder value



69% Adjusted (1) **EBITDA** Margin (2023:74%)



Winning in a Tough Market

- •Total Assets decreased by 7%, from RO 1,165M (2023) to RO 1,085M (2024), driven by asset optimization strategies.
- •Total Liabilities reduced by 15%, strengthening the company's financial position.
- •Net Debt to EBITDA ratio improved, highlighting stronger earnings performance and enhanced debt management.
- •Lower gearing enhancing financial flexibility, supporting future growth and investment opportunities.

**Gearing Ratio** 

(74% 2023)

**Asset Turnover Ratio** 34%

(31% 2023)

**Return on Equity** (9% 2023)

**Return on Assets** 4.8% (3.4% 2023)

**Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio** 

(1.6x 2023)

**Debt to Equity Ratio** 

(1.5x 2023)



#### **Robust Financial Position**

#### Track record of delivering strong returns on investment

### **Strong Tangible Net worth**

#### Track Record of enhancing the balance sheet health





Maritime Resilience in a Changing Trade Landscape



## **US Tariff Update & Impacts**

- On 17th April, the United States Trade Representative (USTR) announced revised measures in response to its Section 301 Investigation into Chinese maritime and shipbuilding practices. The measures will include, on a phased basis, port fees on Chinese owned or operated vessels and on some Chinese built ships besides measures for certain segments (e.g. PCC).
- The revised measures significantly reduce in scope the number of vessels and ports calls that will be impacted by
  - (i) Not applying to consecutive US port calls
  - (ii) By not taking into account owners' newbuilding programmes or broader operated fleets, and for Chinese-built ships,
  - (iii) By not applying to vessels transporting US exports and
  - (iv) Not applying to small or mid-sized vessels (e.g. <4k teu, <80k dwt).</li>
  - (v) Fees will also be phased in over three years.
- There are specific measures for LNG Carrier and Car Carrier sectors, with requirements for a growing proportion of US LNG exports to be transported on US-built ships over the next 20 years, and fees introduced on calls by any foreign-built car carrier (not just Chinese built and of any size), in an attempt to support US construction of these ship types.
- Preliminary analysis suggests only 9% of US port calls in 2024 by internationally trading ships would have been subject to the new scope of the measures, a significant reduction from the 43% estimated under the previously proposed actions.

- Analysts estimate that the measures could theoretically generally aggregate annual fees of \$12-18bn (2026 – 2028 range) based on current vessel deployment patterns, down from estimates of \$40-52bn under the previously proposed measures, though vessel deployment is likely to shift.
- The focus on imports and the reduced scope of vessels impacted has lowered overall estimate, though fees for some Chinese owned/operated ships are higher than previously estimated and could apply to a broader range of companies.
- Impacts for shipping generally appear more moderate than previously expected given the
  narrower scope of the measures and should also allow more flexibility for "reorganisation" or
  "switching" of vessels and deployment patterns to mitigate fees, offering commercial risks and
  opportunities.
- Influence of measures on newbuild decisions reduced albeit some owners may aim to retain maximum trading flexibility or manage geo-political risks. With market impacts from measures likely to be smaller than previously anticipated, broader market uncertainty around investment decisions considered a greater influence (e.g. from new US/Chinese tariffs and macroeconomic concerns).
- The revised tax scheme is highly diluted version of the preceding proposal as financial costs and maximum penalties have been lowered and will be phased-in from Oct-2025.
- Moreover, exemptions in USTR proposal include short voyages, ballasting vessels for loading and export, and ships less than 80k DWT.

Source: Clarksons and MSI Research 14

Maritime Resilience in a Changing Trade Landscape



## **US Tariff Update & Impacts**

#### **Eased USTR Measures on Chinese Maritime Sector**

- Date of Announcement: April 17, 2025
- Key Changes:
- Narrowed Scope: Tariffs now target a limited segment of global shipping, primarily focusing on strategic U.S. industrial objectives, such as LNG and car carriers.
- Exemptions Include:
  - Consecutive U.S. port calls
  - U.S. export voyages
  - Newbuilding programs
  - Fleets with diverse ownership
- Applicability: Only to large vessels (>4,000 TEU / >80,000 DWT)
- Implementation Timeline: Phased approach starting October 2025 over three years

#### **Market-Level Implications**

- Estimated Industry Cost Impact: Reduced to \$12–18 billion (2026–2028) from previous projections of \$40–52 billion
- Global Port Call Exposure: Only 6–9% of global U.S. port calls are now affected
- Operational Impact:
  - Lower pressure on fleet valuations and charter rates
  - Encourages operational reorganization with minimal disruption
  - Investment decisions increasingly influenced by broader geopolitical and trade tensions



#### **Investor Insight**

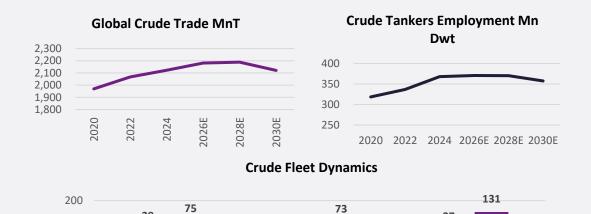
"The revised U.S. tariff policy presents a less disruptive scenario for global shipping than initially anticipated. Its narrow scope, phased rollout, and broad exemptions offer commercial operators more strategic leeway to adjust without significant operational or financial strain."

#### **Poised to Capitalize on Tanker Market Momentum**

70k - 125k Dwt

■ Crude Order Book Mn Dwt

#### **Crude Oil Market**



• Crude tanker markets have strengthened in early 2025, with average crude tanker earnings rising by 21% m-o-m to \$39,641/day in February, 20% above the 10-year average.

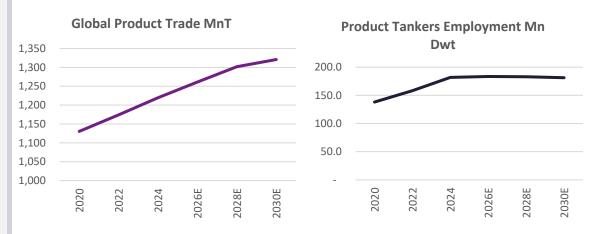
125-200k Dwt

■ Fleet above 15 Yrs Mn Dwt

+200k Dwt

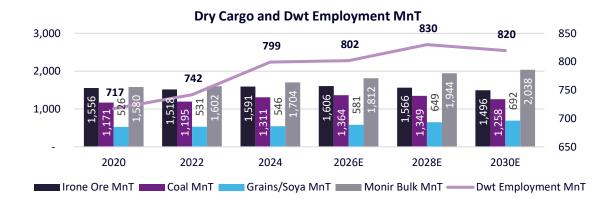
- VLCC markets have firmed recently, with average VLCC earnings rising 20% m-o-m to \$42,587/day in February as tighter US sanctions have boosted 'mainstream' market sentiment.
- This year, crude oil trade is projected to grow by 1.6% in 2025, amidst potential for a rebound in OPEC+ oil production.
- Crude tanker fleet growth is set to remain limited i.e., +0.6% this year. Mainstream crude tanker markets are expected to see healthy conditions this year

#### **Product Market**



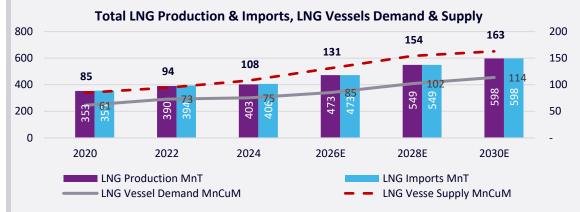
- Product tanker market conditions have remained relatively healthy in recent weeks, with higher refinery throughput, particularly in the Middle East, and improved diesel arbitrage supporting vessel demand in March-25.
- **Softer demand trends are expected across 2025** amid shifts towards shorter-haul trade patterns with potential for Red Sea disruption to ease gradually in 2025. With this ease **trade growth could** be limited to 0.4% instead of ~2%.
- **Product tanker fleet growth is set to accelerate to 5.8% in 2025**. 36 Product tankers (2.7m dwt) have been delivered across Jan-Feb.
- Oil tanker newbuilding activity has eased back in recent months, with just 10 tankers (10k+ dwt) of 0.84m dwt contracted in Jan-Feb, eight of which were product tankers. The oil tanker orderbook stood equivalent to 14% of fleet capacity at the start of March 2025.

#### **Navigating Growth with a Balanced Portfolio**



- Bulk carrier markets have been softer in 2025 so far, with average sector earnings of ~\$8,500/day across Jan-Feb, down by ~40% y-o-y as more 'typical' seasonal demand trends (e.g. heavy rainfall in Brazil, cyclones affecting northern Australia) have dragged on vessel demand.
- Overall bulk carrier market 2025 outlook is softer than last year, with fleet growth projected to come in again this year at ~3% y-o-y, whilst demand growth could be limited i.e., ~1%, largely owing to expectations for softer Chinese dry bulk demand amid elevated major bulk stockpiles.
- The direct impact of USTR tariffs on dry bulk trade appears limited and potentially smaller than the impact of previous 2018-19 'trade war'.
- Red Sea remains in sharp focus. In case of unwinding of Red Sea disruption (that boosted bulker vessel demand by ~1.2% in 2024), dry bulk tonne-mile growth could be limited to around ~0.5%.





- LNG carrier markets remain under pressure, with rates having seen renewed softening
  in recent weeks. The average spot rate for a 174k cbm unit stood at \$27,250/day by midApril, up from the Feb record low of \$7,500/day.
- Idling, lay-up and recycling remain prominent market themes, with a record ~13% of steam turbine fleet capacity idle in early April,
- LNG carrier markets are likely to remain under pressure across 2025. Although firm liquefaction capacity expansion is expected to see trade volume growth of 5.2% this year, tonnemile growth of 1.8% is expected amid very soft Asian demand and increased European demand.
- 2026 may see some LNG carrier market improvement as export capacity continues to ramp up and long-haul US-Asia volumes rebound on the back of lower gas prices (though lingering US-China trade tensions could potentially limit tonne-mile gains), with tonne-mile growth of 18.8% projected to outpace fleet growth of 11.8%.



Q&A

اسیاد SHIPPING